

ARIZONA
NEW MEXICO

OKLAHOMA

ARKANSAS

TENNESSEE

NORTH CAROLINA

SOUTH CAROLINA

B18120

EMPLOYMENT STATUS BY DISABILITY STATUS AND TYPE

Universe: Civilian noninstitutionalized population 18 to 64 years
2010-2012 American Community Survey 3-Year Estimates

Supporting documentation on code lists, subject definitions, data accuracy, and statistical testing can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Data and Documentation section.

Sample size and data quality measures (including coverage rates, allocation rates, and response rates) can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Methodology section.

Although the American Community Survey (ACS) produces population, demographic and housing unit estimates, it is the Census Bureau's Population Estimates Program that produces and disseminates the official estimates of the population for the nation, states, counties, cities and towns and estimates of housing units for states and counties.

	Delaware	
	Estimate	Margin of Error
Total:	558,182	+/-609
In the labor force:	432,094	+/-3,068
Employed:	393,699	+/-3,424
With a disability:	20,193	+/-1,377
With a hearing difficulty	5,561	+/-641
With a vision difficulty	3,705	+/-576
With a cognitive difficulty	5,423	+/-684
With an ambulatory difficulty	7,760	+/-812
With a self-care difficulty	1,541	+/-363
With an independent living difficulty	3,397	+/-637
No disability	373,506	+/-3,767
Unemployed:	38,395	+/-2,257
With a disability:	4,286	+/-576
With a hearing difficulty	716	+/-258
With a vision difficulty	503	+/-195
With a cognitive difficulty	2,356	+/-436
With an ambulatory difficulty	1,805	+/-338
With a self-care difficulty	606	+/-236
With an independent living difficulty	1,212	+/-293
No disability	34,109	+/-2,102
Not in labor force:	126,088	+/-2,933
With a disability:	33,341	+/-1,732
With a hearing difficulty	3,705	+/-647
With a vision difficulty	5,106	+/-673
With a cognitive difficulty	15,483	+/-1,322
With an ambulatory difficulty	20,880	+/-1,312
With a self-care difficulty	7,521	+/-704
With an independent living difficulty	14,800	+/-1,038
No disability	92,747	+/-2,965

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see Accuracy of the Data). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

The Census Bureau introduced a new set of disability questions in the 2008 ACS questionnaire. Accordingly, comparisons of disability data from 2008 or later with data from prior years are not recommended. For more information on these questions and their evaluation in the 2006 ACS Content Test, see the Evaluation Report Covering Disability.

While the 2010-2012 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the December 2009 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) definitions of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas; in certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB definitions due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.

Estimates of urban and rural population, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2000 data. Boundaries for urban areas have not been updated since Census 2000. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2010-2012 American Community Survey

Explanation of Symbols:

1. An '***' entry in the margin of error column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the margin of error. A statistical test is not appropriate.
2. An '-' entry in the estimate column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute an estimate, or a ratio of medians cannot be calculated because one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
3. An '-' following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution.
4. An '+' following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
5. An '****' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the median falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution. A statistical test is not appropriate.
6. An '*****' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test for sampling variability is not appropriate.
7. An 'N' entry in the estimate and margin of error columns indicates that data for this geographic area cannot be displayed because the number of sample cases is too small.
8. An '(X)' means that the estimate is not applicable or not available.